## **HOUSE BILL No. 1544**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 20-7.5.

**Synopsis:** School corporation collective bargaining. Specifies additional subjects of collective bargaining between the exclusive representative for certificated educational employees and the school employer. Adds final offer mediation-arbitration as an alternative method of collective bargaining for education personnel.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

## Fry, Liggett

January 16, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Labor and Employment.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1544**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 20-7.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.100-2001
2	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter: article:
4	(a) "School corporation" means any the following:
5	(1) A local public school corporation established under Indiana
6	law. <del>and, in the case of</del>
7	(2) A public vocational schools school or schools school for
8	children with disabilities established or maintained by two (2) or
9	more school corporations. shall refer to such schools.
10	(b) "Governing body" means:
11	(1) the board or commission charged by law with the
12	responsibility of administering the affairs of the schoo
13	corporation; or
14	(2) the body that administers a charter school established under
15	IC 20-5.5.

(c) "School employer" means:

(1) the governing body of each:



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1	(A) school corporation; or
2	(B) charter school established under IC 20-5.5; and
3	(2) any person or persons authorized to act for the governing body
4	of the school employer in dealing with its employees.
5	(d) "Superintendent" shall mean:
6	(1) the chief administrative officer of any:
7	(A) school corporation; or
8	(B) charter school established under IC 20-5.5; or
9	(2) any person or persons designated by the officer or by the
10	governing body to act in the officer's behalf in dealing with school
11	employees.
12	(e) "School employee" means any full-time certificated person in the
13	employment of the school employer. A school employee shall be
14	considered full time even though the employee does not work during
15	school vacation periods, and accordingly works less than a full year.
16	There shall be excluded from the meaning of school employee
17	supervisors, confidential employees, employees performing security
18	work and noncertificated employees.
19	(f) "Certificated employee" means a person:
20	(1) whose contract with the school corporation requires that the
21	person hold a license or permit from the Indiana state board of
22	education or a commission thereof as provided in IC 20-6.1; or
23	(2) who is employed as a teacher by a charter school established
24	under IC 20-5.5.
25	(g) "Noncertificated employee" means any school employee whose
26	employment is not dependent upon the holding of a license or permit
27	as provided in IC 20-6.1.
28	(h) "Supervisor" means any individual who has:
29	(1) authority, acting for the school corporation, to hire, transfer,
30	suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or
31	discipline school employees;
32	(2) responsibility to direct school employees and adjust their
33	grievances; or
34	(3) responsibility to effectively recommend the action described
35	in subdivisions (1) through (2);
36	that is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of
37	independent judgment. The term includes superintendents, assistant
38	superintendents, business managers and supervisors, directors with
39	school corporation-wide responsibilities, principals and vice principals,
40	and department heads who have responsibility for evaluating teachers.
41	(i) "Confidential employee" means a school employee whose

unrestricted access to confidential personnel files or whose functional



- (j) "Employees performing security work" means any school employee whose primary responsibility is the protection of personal and real property owned or leased by the school corporation or who performs police or quasi-police powers.
- (k) "School employee organization" means any organization which has school employees as members and one (1) of whose primary purposes is representing school employees in dealing with their school employer, and includes any person or persons authorized to act on behalf of such organizations.
- (l) "Exclusive representative" means the school employee organization which has been certified for the purposes of this chapter by the board or recognized by a school employer as the exclusive representative of the employees in an appropriate unit as provided in section 10 of this chapter, or the person or persons duly authorized to act on behalf of such representative.
- (m) "Board" means the Indiana education employment relations board provided by this chapter.
- (n) "Bargain collectively" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the school employer and the exclusive representative to meet at reasonable times to negotiate in good faith with respect to items enumerated in section 4 of this chapter and to execute a written contract incorporating any agreement relating to such matters. Such obligation shall not include the final approval of any contract concerning these or any other items. Agreements reached through collective bargaining are binding as a contract only if ratified by the governing body of the school corporation and the exclusive representative. The obligation to bargain collectively does not require the school employer or the exclusive representative to agree to a proposal of the other or to make a concession to the other, except that this obligation is subject to the final offer process if mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2 is elected under section 11.5 of this chapter.
- (o) "Discuss" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the school corporation through its superintendent and the exclusive representative to meet at reasonable times to discuss, to provide meaningful input, to exchange points of view, with respect to items enumerated in section 5 of this chapter. This obligation shall not, however, require either party to enter into a contract, to agree to a

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proposal, or to require the making of a concession. A failure to reach an agreement on any matter of discussion shall not require the use of any part of the impasse procedure, as provided in section 13 of this chapter. Neither the obligation to bargain collectively nor to discuss any matter shall prevent any school employee from petitioning the school employer, the governing body, or the superintendent for a redress of the employee's grievances either individually or through the exclusive representative, nor shall either such obligation prevent the school employer or the superintendent from conferring with any citizen, taxpayer, student, school employee, or other person considering the operation of the schools and the school corporation.

(p) (o) "Strike" means concerted failure refusal to report for duty, willful absence from one's position, stoppage of work. or abstinence in whole or in part from the full, faithful, and proper performance of the duties of employment, without the lawful approval of the school employer, or in any concerted manner interfering with the operation of the school employer for any purpose.

(q) (p) "Deficit financing" with respect to any budget year shall mean expenditures in excess of money legally available to the employer.

(q) "Submission date" means the first date for the legal notice of a budget fixed by the school employer under IC 6-1.1-17-5.

SECTION 2. IC 20-7.5-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. Duty to Bargain Collectively and Discuss. On and after January 1, 1974, school employers and school employees shall have the obligation and the right to bargain collectively the items set forth in section 4 the right and obligation to discuss any item set forth in Section 5 of this chapter and shall enter into a contract embodying any of the matters on which they have bargained collectively. No contract may include provisions in conflict with (a) any right or benefit established by federal or state law, (b) school employee rights as defined in section 6(a) of this chapter, or (c) school employer rights as defined in section 6(b) of this chapter. It shall be unlawful for a school employer to enter into any agreement that would place such employer in a position of deficit financing as defined in this chapter, and any contract which provides for deficit financing shall be void to that extent and any individual teacher's contract executed in accordance with such contract shall be void to such extent.

SECTION 3. IC 20-7.5-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.286-2001, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. Subjects of Bargaining: A school employer

1	shall bargain collectively with the exclusive representative on the	
2	following:	
3	(1) Salary.	
4	(2) Wages.	
5	(3) Hours. and	
6	(4) Salary and wage related fringe benefits, including accident,	
7	sickness, health, dental, or other benefits under IC 20-5-2-2 that	
8	are subjects of bargaining on July 1, 2001.	
9	(5) Working conditions.	
10	(6) Curriculum development and revision.	
11	(7) Textbook selection.	
12	(8) Teaching methods.	
13	(9) Hiring, promotion, demotion, transfer, assignment, and	
14	retention of certificated employees and changes to any of the	
15	requirements set forth in IC 20-6.1-4.	
16	(10) Student discipline.	
17	(11) Expulsion or supervision of students.	
18	(12) Pupil-teacher ratio.	
19	(13) Class size or budget appropriations.	
20	Items included in the 1972-1973 agreements between any employer	
21	school corporation and the employee organization shall continue	
22	to be bargainable. A contract may also contain a grievance procedure	
23	culminating in final and binding arbitration of unresolved grievances,	
24	but such binding arbitration shall have no power to amend, add to,	
25	subtract from or supplement provisions of the contract.	
26	SECTION 4. IC 20-7.5-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) A school	
28 29	employer shall discuss with the exclusive representative of certificated employees, and may but shall not be required to bargain collectively,	
30	negotiate, or enter into a written contract concerning or be subject to or	
31	enter into impasse procedures on the following matters:	
32	(1) Working conditions, other than those provided in section 4 of	
33	this chapter.	
34	(2) Curriculum development and revision.	
35	(2) Textbook selection.	
36	(4) Teaching methods.	
37	(5) Hiring, promotion, demotion, transfer, assignment, and	
38	retention of certificated employees, and changes to any of the	
39	requirements set forth in IC 20-6.1-4.	
40	(6) Student discipline.	
41	(7) Expulsion or supervision of students.	
42	(8) Punil-teacher ratio	



1	(9) Class size or budget appropriations.
2	However, any items included in the 1972-1973 agreements between
3	any employer school corporation and the employee organization shall
4	continue to be bargainable.
5	(b) (a) Nothing shall prevent a superintendent or his the
6	superintendent's designee from making recommendations to the
7	school employer.
8	(c) (b) This chapter may not be construed to limit the rights of the
9	school employer and the exclusive representative to mutually agree to
10	the matters authorized under IC 20-6.1-4-14.5.
11	SECTION 5. IC 20-7.5-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. (a) School
13	employees shall have the right to form, join, or assist employee
14	organizations, to participate in collective bargaining with school
15	employers through representatives of their own choosing, and to
16	engage in other activities, individually or in concert for the purpose of
17	establishing, maintaining, or improving salaries, wages, hours, salary
18	and wage related fringe benefits, and other matters as defined in
19	sections section 4 and 5 of this chapter. A school employee may not be
20	required to join or financially support through the payment of fair share
21	fees, representation fees, professional fees, or other fees, a school
22	employee organization. A rule, regulation, or contract provision
23	requiring financial support from a school employee to a school
24	employee organization is void.
25	(b) School employers shall have the responsibility and authority to
26	manage and direct in behalf of the public the operations and activities
27	of the school corporation to the full extent authorized by law. Such
28	responsibility and activity shall include but not be limited to the right
29	of the school employer to:
30	(1) direct the work of its employees;
31	(2) establish policy through procedures established in sections
32	section 4 and 5 of this chapter;
33	(3) hire, promote, demote, transfer, assign, and retain employees
34	through procedures established in sections section 4 and 5 of this
35	chapter;
36	(4) suspend or discharge its employees in accordance with
37	applicable law through procedures established in sections section
38	4 and 5 of this chapter;
39	(5) maintain the efficiency of school operations;
40	(6) relieve its employees from duties because of lack of work or
41	other legitimate reason through procedures established in sections
42	section 4 and 5 of this chapter; and



1	(7) take actions necessary to carry out the mission of the public
2	schools as provided by law.
3	SECTION 6. IC 20-7.5-1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. Unfair Practices. (a)
5	It shall be an unfair practice for a school employer to:
6	(1) interfere with, restrain or coerce school employees in the
7	exercise of the rights guaranteed in Section 6 of this chapter.
8	(2) dominate, interfere or assist in the formation or administration
9	of any school employee organization or contribute financial or other
10	support to it; provided, that subject to rules and regulations made by
11	the governing body, a school employer may permit school employees
12	to confer with the school employer or with any school employee
13	organization during working hours without loss of time or pay;
14	(3) encourage or discourage membership in any school employee
15	organization through discrimination in regard to hiring or tenure of
16	employment or any term or condition of employment;
17	(4) discharge or otherwise discriminate against a school employee
18	because he has filed a complaint, affidavit, petition, or given any
19	information or testimony under this chapter;
20	(5) refuse to bargain collectively or discuss with an exclusive
21	representative as required by any provisions of this chapter;
22	(6) fail or refuse to comply with any provision of this chapter.
23	(b) It shall be an unfair practice for a school employee organization
24	or its agents to:
25	(1) interfere with, restrain or coerce (a) school employees in the
26	exercise of the rights guaranteed by this chapter, or (b) a school
27	employer in the selection of its representatives for the purpose of
28	bargaining collectively, discussing or adjusting grievances. This
29	paragraph shall not impair the right of a school employee organization
30	to prescribe its own rules with respect to the acquisition or retention of
31	membership therein.
32	(2) cause or attempt to cause a school employer to discriminate
33	against an employee in violation of subsection (a);
34	(3) refuse to bargain collectively with a school employer, if the
35	school employee organization is the exclusive representative;
36	(4) fail or refuse to comply with any provision of this chapter.
37	(c) Nothing herein shall in any way restrict the right of either the
38	school employer or the school employee organization to bring suit for
39	specific performance and/or breach of performance of a collective
40	bargaining contract in any court having jurisdiction thereof.
41	SECTION 7. IC 20-7.5-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. (a) There is created



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an Indiana education employment relations board which shall consist of three (3) members appointed by the governor to serve at the governor's pleasure. One (1) member shall be designated by the governor as chairman. Not more than two (2) members of the board shall be members of the same political party. Each member shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years. A member appointed to fill a
vacancy shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member whom the appointed member is to succeed.
(b) Members shall hold no other public office or employment by the state or other public agency or public employer, or be an officer or employee of any school employee organization or any of its affiliates or represent any school employer or school employee organization, or
its affiliates.  (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to persons on the teaching staff or
a university who are knowledgeable in public administration or labor
law so long as they are not actively engaged, other than as a member with any labor or employee organization. This subsection shall be

- law so long as they are not actively engaged, other than as a member, with any labor or employee organization. This subsection shall be construed liberally to effectuate the intent of the general assembly.

  (d) The chairman shall give full time to the chairman's duties. The chairman of the board shall not engage in any other business, vocation, or employment. The members of the board other than the chairman
- receive as compensation payment equal to that of the chairman, computed on a daily rate and paid for every day actually spent serving on the board.
  - (e) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum.
- (f) To accomplish the objectives and to carry out the duties prescribed in this chapter the board shall have the following powers:
  - (1) To adopt an official seal and prescribe the purposes for which it shall be used.
  - (2) To hold hearings and make inquiries as it deems necessary to carry out properly its functions and powers.
  - (3) To establish a principal office in the city of Indianapolis.
  - (4) To meet and exercise its powers at any other place in Indiana.
  - (5) To conduct in any part of Indiana a proceeding, hearing, investigation, inquiry, or election necessary to the performance of its functions. For any such purpose, the board may designate one (1) of its members, or an agent or agents, as hearing examiners.
  - The board may utilize voluntary and uncompensated services as may be needed.
  - (6) To appoint staff and attorneys as it may find necessary for the proper performance of its duties. The attorneys appointed under this section may, at the direction of the board, appear for and



1	represent the board in court.
2	(7) To pay the reasonable and necessary traveling and other
3	expenses of any employee, member, or agent of the board.
4	(8) To subpoena witnesses and issue subpoenas requiring the
5	production of books, papers, records, and documents which may
6	be needed as evidence in any matter under inquiry, and to
7	administer oaths and affirmations. In cases of neglect or refusal
8	to obey a subpoena issued to any person, the circuit or superior
9	court of the county in which the investigations or the public
10	hearings are taking place, upon application by the board, shall
11	issue an order requiring the person to appear before the board and
12	produce evidence about the matter under investigation. A failure
13	to obey the order may be punished by the court as a contempt.
14	Any subpoena, notice of hearing, or other process of the board
15	issued under this chapter shall be served in the manner prescribed
16	by the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
17	(9) To adopt, promulgate, amend, or rescind rules it deems
18	necessary and administratively feasible to carry out this chapter
19	in accordance with IC 4-22-2.
20	(10) To request from any public agency the assistance, services,
21	and data as will enable the board properly to carry out its
22	functions and powers.
23	(11) To publish and report in full an opinion in every case decided
24	by it.
25	(g) The board shall organize its staff to provide for the functions of
26	unit determination, unfair labor practice processing, conciliation and
27	mediation, factfinding, mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2, and
28	research. In connection with any conciliation and mediation, or
29	factfinding, it or mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2, the board
30	may use either full-time employees or appoint employees for specific
31	cases from a panel which it establishes. Its research division shall be
32	organized to provide statistical data on the resources of each school
33	corporation, the substance of any agreements reached by each school
34	corporation, and other relevant data.
35	SECTION 8. IC 20-7.5-1-11.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
36	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
37	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 11.5. An exclusive representative
38	may begin collective bargaining by notifying the board and the
39	employer on or before one hundred eighty (180) days before the
40	submission date that the exclusive representative intends to use
41	either of the following procedures:
42	(1) The collective bargaining procedure set forth in section 12



1	of this chapter.
2	(2) The mediation and final offer selection procedure set forth
3	in IC 20-7.5-2.
4	SECTION 9. IC 20-7.5-2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2003]:
7	Chapter 2. Mediation; Final Offer Selection
8	Sec. 1. An alternative method of collective bargaining is
9	provided by this chapter because experience has demonstrated that
10	harmonious and cooperative relationships between school
11	employers and their employees can best be accomplished by a
12	collective bargaining and discussion impasse procedure that ends
13	in binding resolution of disputes. The public interest will be served
14	by an effective, efficient resolution of disputes within the public
15	schools of Indiana.
16	Sec. 2. This chapter applies to collective bargaining in which the
17	exclusive representative has elected to proceed under this chapter
18	and has notified the employer and the board as provided in
19	IC 20-7.5-1-11.5.
20	Sec. 3. A school corporation and the exclusive representative
21	shall begin to bargain collectively at least ninety (90) days before
22	the submission date, unless the exclusive representative has elected
23	to proceed under IC 20-7.5-1-12.
24	Sec. 4. In addition to the impasse procedures specified in this
25	chapter, a school employer and an exclusive representative may
26	agree in writing to a dispute settlement procedure. A copy of the
27	agreement shall be filed by the parties with the board. If the parties
28	agree to a form of binding arbitration, the arbitrator shall give
29	weight to the factors listed in section 12 of this chapter. The
30	arbitration award is subject to appeal under sections 16 through 19
31	of this chapter.
32	Sec. 5. If the parties have not reached an agreement at least
33	sixty (60) days before the submission date, the parties shall notify
34	the board that an impasse exists, and the board shall initiate
35	mediation-arbitration.
36	Sec. 6. Not later than fifteen (15) days after the receipt of a
37	notice of an impasse, each party shall submit to the board and
38	exchange with the other party its final offer on each item
39	remaining at impasse that is also an item listed in IC 20-7.5-1-4 and
40	IC 20-7.5-1-5. The parties also shall file with the board a joint

stipulation with respect to all matters that have been previously

agreed on for inclusion in the new or amended collective



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1	bargaining agreement. All final offers and joint stipulations filed
2	with the board are open to public inspection.
3	Sec. 7. (a) Not later than three (3) days after the receipt of a
4	notice of an impasse from the parties, the board shall submit to the
5	parties a list of five (5) competent and experienced
6	mediator-arbitrators, who must be representatives of the interests
7	of the public, but who may not be employees of the board.
8	(b) Not later than five (5) days after the receipt of the list of
9	names, the parties shall agree on a name or alternately strike a
10	name from the list until one (1) name remains. The parties shall
11	determine by lot who strikes the first name. The parties shall notify
12	the board of the mediator-arbitrator chosen.
13	(c) If a mediator-arbitrator has not been chosen through
14	agreement or striking names within the five (5) day limit, the board
15	shall select a mediator-arbitrator from the list.
16	(d) Upon receipt of notice from the parties or after the board
17	makes a selection, the board shall formally appoint the
18	mediator-arbitrator and submit to the mediator-arbitrator the
19	final offers and joint stipulation of the parties.
20	Sec. 8. A mediator-arbitrator shall begin mediation not later
21	than ten (10) days after appointment. The final offers of the
22	parties, as transmitted by the board to the mediator-arbitrator,
23	must serve as the mutual basis for mediation and continued
24	negotiations between the parties with regard to issues in dispute
25	that have not been agreed upon by the parties. All mediation
26	sessions must be private.
27	Sec. 9. (a) For seven (7) successive days after the first mediation
28	session, the mediator-arbitrator shall mediate the dispute and
29	encourage a voluntary and mutual settlement by the parties.
30	During the first five (5) days of the seven (7) successive day period,
31	either party may unilaterally modify in writing any item in its final
32	offer. At the end of the five (5) day period, each party shall certify
33	in writing to the board the changes that have been made in its final
34	offer during mediation, with a copy sent to the mediator-arbitrator
35	and to the other party. During the last two (2) days of the seven (7)

(b) Any modifications made shall be certified by the parties to the board, with a copy sent to the mediator-arbitrator.

successive day period, a modification of either party's final offer

may be made only with the consent of the other party.

Sec. 10. (a) If the parties have failed to reach a voluntary and mutual settlement during the seven (7) successive day mediation period, the dispute shall be resolved by final offer item by item



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1	selections.
2	(b) Not later than five (5) days after the end of the mediation
3	period and before selecting the final offers, the mediator-arbitrator
4	shall conduct a public hearing for the purpose of providing an
5	opportunity to both parties to present evidence and argument in
6	support of their final offers.
7	(c) Not later than ten (10) days after the completion of the
8	hearing, the mediator-arbitrator shall in writing select the final
9	offer that, in the mediator-arbitrator's judgment, is the more
10	reasonable and shall in writing state reasons for the selection. The
11	mediator-arbitrator's selection and the reasons shall be delivered
12	to the board and to each party. The final offers selected, along with
13	the stipulation of items already agreed to, become the agreement
14	between the parties and are final and binding upon the parties,
15	subject to section 11 and sections 16 through 19 of this chapter.
16	Sec. 11. The parties may voluntarily and mutually agree upon
17	the terms and conditions of a contract at any time.
18	Sec. 12. In making a decision under the final offer selection
19	procedures authorized by section 10 of this chapter, a
20	mediator-arbitrator shall give weight to the following factors:
21	(1) Past memoranda of agreement and contracts between the
22	parties.
23	(2) Comparison of wages, hours, terms of employment, and
24	conditions of employment of the school employees involved
25	with those of other employees doing comparable work, giving
26	consideration to factors peculiar to the work involved.
27	(3) Comparison of wages, hours, terms of employment, and
28	conditions of employment with similar employment in private
29	business and industry.
30	(4) The average consumer prices for goods and services,
31	commonly known as the cost of living.
32	(5) The effect on the educational atmosphere or environment.
33	Sec. 13. (a) A mediator-arbitrator may not be employed on a
34	full-time or part-time basis by:
35	(1) a public school employer that is a school corporation;
36	(2) an organization of public employees, public employers, or
37	their affiliates; or
38	(3) a firm that represents employers or employees in the
39	implementation of this article.
40	(b) The board shall pay the compensation and expenses of a
41	mediator-arbitrator.
42	Sec. 14. (a) If an agreement has not been reached on the items



the board for an expedited hearing before a new

mediator-arbitrator, selected in the same manner as the original

mediator-arbitrator, subject to the right of a party to appeal an



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taken in the manner and to the same extent as orders or judgments	
are taken in a civil action. Because of the appeal's public importance, the appeal shall be advanced on the docket for the	
consideration of the court.	
Sec. 20. A party who:	
(1) fails to implement a final offer selection; or	
(2) appeals a final offer selection and does not ultimately prevail in court;	
is liable for reasonable attorney's fees, interest on delayed	
monetary benefits, and other costs incurred in the action.	

